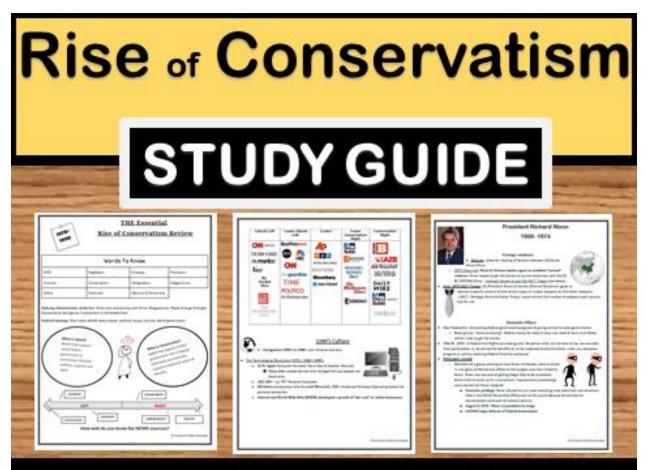
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# Review Outline Everything you MUST Know!!!



### <u>THE Essential</u>

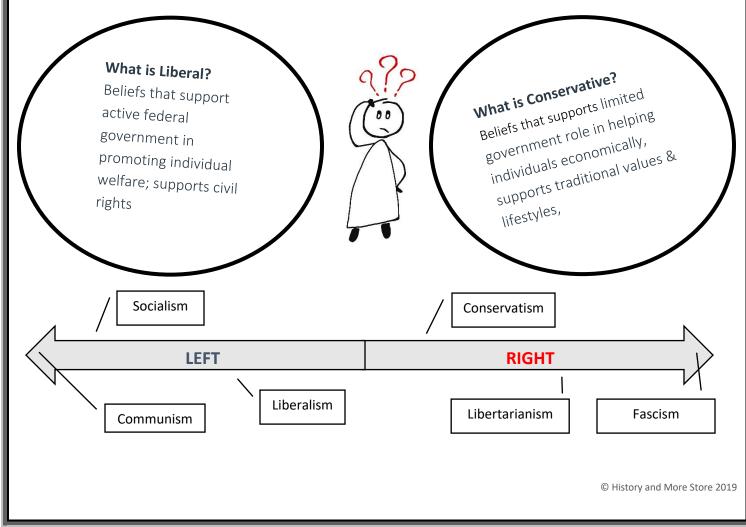
### **Rise of Conservatism Review**

### Words To Know

| OPEC     | Stagflation  | Embargo                | Petroleum   |
|----------|--------------|------------------------|-------------|
| Cynicism | Conservatism | Deregulation           | Reaganomics |
| Deficit  | Pardoned     | Glasnost & Perestroika |             |

**Defining Characteristics of the Era:** Nixon and relationship with China, Reaganomics, Peace through Strength, Conservative resurgence, Involvement in the Middle East

Political Ideology: One's basic beliefs about power, political values, and the role of government



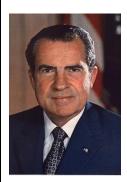




### 1980's Culture

- Immigration 1980's to 2000- Latin America and Asia
- The Technological Revolution 1970's, 1980's 1990's
  - 1976- **Apple** Computer founded; Steve Jobs & Stephen Wozniak.
    - Steve Jobs created devices that changed the way people use electronics
  - o 1981 IBM 1st "PC" Personal Computer
  - Bill Gates entrepreneur that founded Microsoft; 1985 introduced Windows Operating System for personal computers
  - Internet and World Wide Web (WWW) developed = growth of "dot com" or online businesses





# **President Richard Nixon**

1969-1974

#### Foreign relations

- <u>Détente</u>- called for relaxing of tensions between US/Soviet Union/China
- <u>1972 China visit</u>- Nixon & Chinese leaders agree to establish "normal" relations; Nixon hoped to get the Soviets to pursue diplomacy with the US BY VISITING China. – <u>prompts Soviets to sign the SALT I Treaty</u> (see below)



 June, 1973 SALT I Treaty US (President Nixon) & Soviets (Premier Brezhnev) agree to

 destroy a specific amount of and certain types of nuclear weapons & limit other weapons.

 • SALT – Strategic Arms Limitation Treaty: meant to limit the number of weapons each country had for use

#### **Domestic Affairs**

- New Federalism: dismantling federal government programs & giving control to state governments.
  - Block grants- "revenue sharing"; federal money for state & local use; state & local must follow certain rules to get the money.
- **Title IX 1972** A Federal Civil Rights Law stating that: No person shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any education program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance
- Watergate scandal
  - Members of a group working to have Nixon re-elected, were involved in a burglary of Democratic offices & the burglary was then linked to Nixon. Nixon was accused of getting illegal help to be re-elected. Nixon tried to cover-up his involvement. Impeachment proceedings were started but Nixon resigned

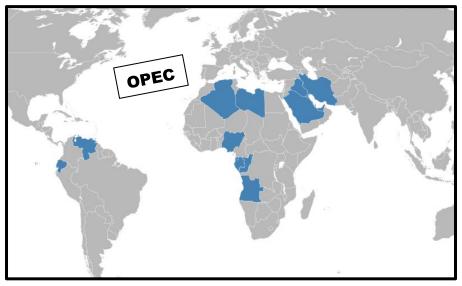


- Executive privilege- Nixon refused to turn tape recordings that were from conversations held in the White House Oval Office over to the courts because he claimed his conversations were part of national security
- August 9, 1974 Nixon 1st president to resign
- CAUSED major distrust of Federal Government

### President Gerald Ford 1974-1977

#### Presidency plagued with Economic Problems

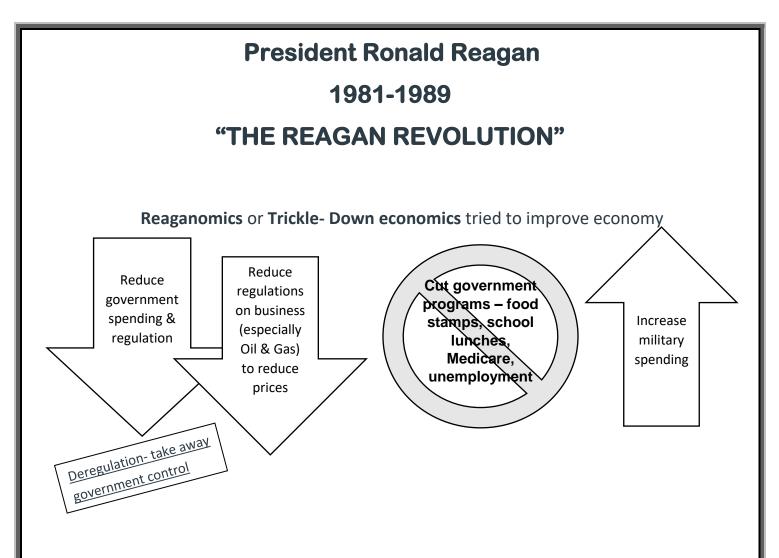
- **<u>Stagflation</u>** key economic problem of the 1970's (mix of inflation and economic recession).
- America's Energy Crisis: US became more dependent on oil
- OPEC (Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries) - used oil as political weapon; US support for Israel made Arab nations mad.
  - OPEC places oil trade restrictions on US
  - OPEC raised oil prices also= 1st FUEL SHORTAGE IN US SINCE WWII
    - Leads to gasoline shortage – cars had to line up for miles to try and get gas for their cars



### **President Carter**

### 1977-1981

- Wanted to address America's energy crisis & dependence on fossil fuels like Oil and Gas
  - Created **Department of Energy** to look for alternative energy sources.
- **Camp David Accords** 1978- peace agreement negotiated by Carter between Egypt & Israel who had been fighting for awhile
- **1979** Iranian Hostage Crisis: the US Embassy in the city of Tehran, Iran was taken over; 52 US hostages taken; held 444 days; Carter's military rescue attempt fails. Hostages released under Reagan
  - President Carter's inability to resolve the situation led to the American people losing their confidence in him as their President.



- Reaganomics created Budget Deficit this means the US went into debt
- **"Peace through strength**"- Reagan led massive military buildup. Idea that a strong military would deter aggression against the U.S.
  - $\circ$  Star Wars (not the movie!) idea to put weapons in space
  - $\circ$   $\:$  US debt grew to over \$200 billion
  - $\circ ~~$  led to the end of the Cold War
    - Soviet union could not keep up with the costs associated to fight such a large war
    - Dec. 8, 1987 INF (Intermediate Range Nuclear Forces Treaty) between Soviet Union and US to eliminate certain missiles
      - This led to decreased tensions between the two nations
- The Iran-Contra <u>Scandal</u>- US sold weapons to Iran in exchange for American hostage & gave the money to 'contra" rebels in Nicaragua; led to Congressional investigations because it was illegally done



Sandra Day O'Connor - 1st woman appointed to Supreme Court.

### **George Bush**

### 1989-1993

- 1988 Election: Bush was elected on a promise not to raise taxes ("read my lips, no new taxes") - he broke that promise while in office
- <u>Civil Liberties Act 1988 a federal law that gave reparations to Japanese</u> • Americans who had been interned during WWII.
- The Cold War Ends: Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev starts reforms: "perestroika"- to restructure the Soviet economy (allows some private ownership of business), and "glasnost" - (openness) allows more free speech, religion.
  - \* Nov. 1989- *Berlin Wall* is torn down.



TAXES



- Outcome Kuwait was liberated from Saddam Hussein
- 1991- Soviet leader Gorbachev announced the end of the Soviet Union.

#### TEKS:

10A - describe Richard M. Nixon's leadership in the normalization of relations with China and the policy of détente;

10 B- describe Ronald Reagan's leadership in domestic and international policies, including Reaganomics and Peace through Strength;

10 C- compare the impact of energy on the American way of life over time;

10 D- describe U.S. involvement in the Middle East such as support for Israel, the Camp David Accords, the Iran-Contra Affair, Marines in Lebanon, and the Iran Hostage Crisis;

10 E- describe the causes and key organizations and individuals of the conservative resurgence of the 1980s and 1990s, including Phyllis Schlafly, the Contract with America, the Heritage Foundation, the Moral Majority, and the National Rifle Association; and

10 F - describe significant societal issues of this time period.

11A - describe U.S. involvement in world affairs, including the end of the Cold War, the Persian Gulf War, the Balkans Crisis, 9/11, and the global War on Terror

14A - describe how the economic impact of the Transcontinental Railroad and the Homestead Act contributed to the close of the frontier in the late 19th century;

14 B- describe the changing relationship between the federal government and private business, including the costs and benefits of laissez-faire, anti-trust acts, the Interstate Commerce Act, and the Pure Food and Drug Act;

17 D -identify actions of government and the private sector such as the Great Society, affirmative action, and Title IX to create economic opportunities for citizens and analyze the unintended consequences of each; and

14 E- describe the dynamic relationship between U.S. international trade policies and the U.S. free enterprise system such as the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) oil embargo, the General Agreement of Tariffs and Trade (GATT), and the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA).

18A - discuss the role of American entrepreneurs such as Bill Gates, Sam Walton, Estée Lauder, Robert Johnson, Lionel Sosa, and millions of small business entrepreneurs who achieved the American dream; and

19C - describe the effects of political scandals, including Teapot Dome, Watergate, and Bill Clinton's impeachment, on the views of U.S. citizens concerning trust in the federal government and its leaders;

19 D- discuss the role of contemporary government legislation in the private and public sectors such as the Community Reinvestment Act of 1977, USA PATRIOT Act of 2001, and the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009

24B- evaluate the contributions of significant political and social leaders in the United States such as Andrew Carnegie, Thurgood Marshall, Billy Graham, Barry Goldwater, Sandra Day O'Connor, and Hillary Clinton.

#### **RELEASED QUESTIONS:**

**2013:** 53, 36, 29, 67

**2014:** 36, 52, 56, 62, 5, 12

**2015:** 5, 44, 66, 17

**2016:** 63, 29, 41, 7, 68, 13

**2017:** 38, 55, 2, 17, 53

**2018:** 9, 41, 61, 42, 20, 51

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